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1	<b>SECTION 1535.</b> 51.03 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 51.03 (1r).
2	SECTION 1536. 51.03 (1g) of the statutes is created to read:
3	51.03 (1g) In this section:
4	(a) "Early intervention" means action to hinder or alter a person's mental
5	disorder or abuse of alcohol or other drugs in order to reduce the duration of early
6	symptoms or to reduce the duration or severity of mental illness or alcohol or other
7	drug abuse that may result.
8	(b) "Individualized service planning" means a process under which a person
9	with mental illness or who abuses alcohol or other drugs and, if a child, his or her
10	family, receives information, education and skills to enable the person to participate
11	mutually and creatively with his or her mental health or alcohol or other drug abuse
12	service provider in identifying his or her personal goals and developing his or her
13	assessment, crisis protocol, treatment and treatment plan. "Individualized service
14	planning" is tailored to the person and is based on his or her strengths, abilities and
15	needs.
16	(c) "Prevention" means action to reduce the instance, delay the onset or lessen
17	the severity of mental disorder, before the disorders may progress to mental illness,
18	by reducing risk factors for, enhancing protections against and promptly treating
19	early warning signs of mental disorder.
20	(d) "Recovery" means the process of a person's growth and improvement,
21	despite a history of mental illness or alcohol or other drug abuse, in attitudes,
22	feelings, values, goals, skills and behavior and is measured by a decrease in

dysfunctional symptoms and an increase in maintaining the person's highest level

of health, wellness, stability, self-determination and self-sufficiency.

(e) "Stigma" means disqualification from social acceptance, derogation, marginalization and ostracism encountered by persons with mental illness or persons who abuse alcohol or other drugs as the result of societal negative attitudes, feelings, perceptions, representations and acts of discrimination.

**SECTION 1537.** 51.03 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

- 51.03 (4) Within the limits of available state and federal funds, the department may do all of the following:
- (a) Promote the creation of coalitions among the state, counties, providers of mental health and alcohol and other drug abuse services, consumers of the services and their families and advocates for persons with mental illness and for alcoholic and drug dependent persons to develop, coordinate and provide a full range of resources to advance prevention; early intervention; treatment; recovery; safe and affordable housing; opportunities for education, employment and recreation; family and peer support; self-help; and the safety and well-being of communities.
- (b) In cooperation with counties, providers of mental health and alcohol and other drug abuse services, consumers of the services, interested community members and advocates for persons with mental illness and for alcoholic and drug dependent persons, develop and implement a comprehensive strategy to reduce stigma of and discrimination against persons with mental illness, alcoholics and drug dependent persons.
- (c) Develop and implement a comprehensive strategy to involve counties, providers of mental health and alcohol and other drug abuse services, consumers of the services and their families, interested community members and advocates for persons with mental illness and for alcoholic and drug dependent persons as equal participants in service system planning and delivery.

1	(d) Promote responsible stewardship of human and fiscal resources in the
2	provision of mental health and alcohol and other drug abuse services.
3	(e) Develop and implement methods to identify and measure outcomes for
4	consumers of mental health and alcohol and other drug abuse services.
5	(f) Promote access to appropriate mental health and alcohol and other drug
6	abuse services regardless of a person's geographic location, age, degree of mental
7	illness, alcoholism or drug dependency or availability of personal financial resources.
8	(g) Promote consumer decision making to enable persons with mental illness
9	and alcohol or drug dependency to be more self-sufficient.
10	(h) Promote use by providers of mental health and alcohol and other drug abuse
11	services of individualized service planning, under which the providers develop
12	written individualized service plans that promote treatment and recovery, together
13	with service consumers, families of service consumers who are children and
14	advocates chosen by consumers.
15	SECTION 1538. 51.03 (5) of the statutes is created to read:
16	51.03 (5) The department shall ensure that providers of mental health and
17	alcohol and other drug abuse services who use individualized service plans, as
18	specified in sub. (4) (h), do all of the following in using a plan:
19	(a) Establish meaningful and measurable goals for the consumer.
20	(b) Base the plan on a comprehensive assessment of the consumer's strengths,
21	abilities, needs and preferences.
22	(c) Keep the plan current.
23	(d) Modify the plan as necessary.
24	SECTION 1539d. 51.05 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.05 (2) The department may not accept for admission to a mental health institute any resident person, except in an emergency, unless the county department under s. 51.42 in the county where the person has legal residency authorizes the care, as provided in s. 51.42 (3) (as). Patients who are committed to the department under s. 975.01, 1977 stats., or s. 975.02, 1977 stats., or s. 971.14, 971.17, 975.06 or 980.06, admitted by the department under s. 975.17, 1977 stats., or are transferred from a juvenile secured correctional facility er, a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), or a secured group home to a state treatment facility under s. 51.35 (3) or from a jail or prison to a state treatment facility under s. 51.37 (5) are not subject to this section.

**SECTION 1538p.** 51.032 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.032 (1) (intro.) The Except as provided in sub. (1m), the department shall require each applicant to provide the department with his or her social security number, if the applicant is an individual, or the applicant's federal employer identification number, if the applicant is not an individual, as a condition of issuing any of the following:

SECTION 1538q. 51.032 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

51.032 (1m) If an individual who applies for a certification or approval under sub. (1) does not have a social security number, the individual, as a condition of obtaining the certification or approval, shall submit a statement made or subscribed under oath or affirmation to the department that the applicant does not have a social security number. The form of the statement shall be prescribed by the department of workforce development. A certification or approval issued in reliance upon a false statement submitted under this subsection is invalid.

SECTION 1538r. 51.032 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	51.032 (3) The Except as provided in sub. (1m), the department shall deny an
2	application for the issuance of a certification or approval specified in sub. (1) if the
3	applicant does not provide the information specified in sub. (1).
4	SECTION 1540. 51.06 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	51.06 (1) (d) At the southern center for developmentally disabled, services
6	Services for up to 10 36 individuals with developmental disability who are also
7	diagnosed as mentally ill or who exhibit extremely aggressive and challenging
8	behaviors and at the northern center for developmentally disabled, services for up
9	to 12 such individuals.
10	SECTION 1541. 51.07 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	51.07 (3) The department may provide outpatient services only to patients
12	contracted for with county departments under ss. 51.42 and 51.437 in accordance
13	with s. 46.03 (18), except for those patients whom the department finds to be
14	nonresidents of this state and those patients specified in sub. $(4)(a)$ persons receiving
15	services under contracts under s. 46.043. The full and actual cost less applicable
16	collections of services contracted for with county departments under s. 51.42 or
17	51.437 shall be charged to the respective county department under s. $51.42$ or $51.437$ .
18	The state shall provide the services required for patient care only if no outpatient
19	services are funded by the department in the county or group of counties served by
20	the respective county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437.
21	SECTION 1542. 51.07 (4) of the statutes is repealed.
22	SECTION 1555d. 51.35 (3) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	51.35 (3) (title) Transfer of certain juveniles from juvenile correctional
24	SECURED JUVENILE FACILITIES AND SECURED CHILD CARING INSTITUTIONS.
25	SECTION 1556d. 51.35 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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51.35 (3) (a) A licensed psychologist of a juvenile secured correctional facility or a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), or a licensed physician of the department of corrections, who has reason to believe that any individual confined in the facility or institution secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution or secured group home is, in his or her opinion, in need of services for developmental disability, alcoholism or drug dependency or in need of psychiatric services, and who has obtained voluntary consent to make a transfer for treatment, shall make a report, in writing, to the superintendent of the facility or institution secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution or secured group home, stating the nature and basis of the belief and verifying the consent. In the case of a minor age 14 and over, the minor and the minor's parent or guardian shall consent unless the minor is admitted under s. 51.13 (1) (c); and in the case of a minor under the age of 14, only the minor's parent or guardian need consent. The superintendent shall inform, orally and in writing, the minor and the minor's parent or guardian, that transfer is being considered and shall inform them of the basis for the request and their rights as provided in s. 51.13 (3). If the department of corrections, upon review of a request for transfer, determines that transfer is appropriate, that department shall immediately notify the department of health and family services and, if the department of health and family services consents, the department of corrections may immediately transfer the individual. The department of corrections health and family services shall file a petition under s. 51.13(4)(a) in the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 of the county where the treatment facility is located.

SECTION 1557d. 51.35 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.35 (3) (c) A licensed psychologist of a juvenile secured correctional facility
or a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), or a licensed
physician of the department of corrections, who has reason to believe that any
individual confined in the facility or institution secured correctional facility, secured
child caring institution or secured group home, in his or her opinion, is mentally ill,
drug dependent or developmentally disabled and is dangerous as described in s.
51.20 (1) (a) 2. a., b., c. or d., is mentally ill, is dangerous and satisfies the standard
under s. $51.20(1)(a)2$ . e. or is an alcoholic and is dangerous as described in s. $51.45$
(13) (a) 1. and 2., shall file a written report with the superintendent of the facility or
institution secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution or secured
group home, stating the nature and basis of the belief. If the superintendent, upon
review of the allegations in the report, determines that transfer is appropriate, he
or she shall file a petition according to s. 51.20 or 51.45 in the court assigned to
exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 of the county where the secured
correctional facility or, secured child caring institution or secured group home is
located. The court shall hold a hearing according to procedures provided in s. 51.20
or 51.45 (13).
SECTION 1558d. 51.35(3)(c) of the statutes, as affected by 1995 Wisconsin Act
200tim 20 and 1000 Wisconsin Act (this act) is repealed and recreated to

SECTION 1558d. 51.35 (3) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 1995 Wisconsin Act 292, section 28, and 1999 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

51.35 (3) (c) A licensed psychologist of a secured correctional facility or a secured child caring institution or a licensed physician of the department of corrections, who has reason to believe that any individual confined in the secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution or secured group home, in his or her opinion, is mentally ill, drug dependent or developmentally disabled and is

dangerous as described in s. 51.20 (1) (a) 2., or is an alcoholic and is dangerous as described in s. 51.45 (13) (a) 1. and 2., shall file a written report with the superintendent of the secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution or secured group home, stating the nature and basis of the belief. If the superintendent, upon review of the allegations in the report, determines that transfer is appropriate, he or she shall file a petition according to s. 51.20 or 51.45 in the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under ch. 48 of the county where the secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution or secured group home is located. The court shall hold a hearing according to procedures provided in s. 51.20 or 51.45 (13).

**SECTION 1559d.** 51.35 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

of an individual from a juvenile secured correctional facility er, a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), or a secured group home to a state treatment facility if there is cause to believe that the individual is mentally ill, drug dependent or developmentally disabled and exhibits conduct which constitutes a danger as described under s. 51.20 (1) (a) 2. a., b., c. or d. to the individual or to others, is mentally ill, is dangerous and satisfies the standard under s. 51.20 (1) (a) 2. e. or is an alcoholic and is dangerous as provided in s. 51.45 (13) (a) 1. and 2. The custodian of the sending facility or institution secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution or secured group home shall execute a statement of emergency detention or petition for emergency commitment for the individual and deliver it to the receiving state treatment facility. The department of health and family services shall file the statement or petition with the court within 24 hours after the subject individual is received for detention or commitment. The statement or petition shall

conform to s. 51.15 (4) or (5) or 51.45 (12) (b). After an emergency transfer is made, the director of the receiving facility may file a petition for continued commitment under s. 51.20 (1) or 51.45 (13) or may return the individual to the facility or institution secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution or secured group home from which the transfer was made. As an alternative to this procedure, the procedure provided in s. 51.15 or 51.45 (12) may be used, except that no prisoner individual may be released without the approval of the court which directed confinement in the secured correctional facility or secured child caring institution or secured group home.

SECTION 1560d. 51.35(3)(e) of the statutes, as affected by 1995 Wisconsin Act 292, section 28, and 1999 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

51.35 (3) (e) The department of corrections may authorize emergency transfer of an individual from a secured correctional facility, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home to a state treatment facility if there is cause to believe that the individual is mentally ill, drug dependent or developmentally disabled and exhibits conduct which constitutes a danger as described under s. 51.20 (1) (a) 2. to the individual or to others, or is an alcoholic and is dangerous as provided in s. 51.45 (13) (a) 1. and 2. The custodian of the sending secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution or secured group home shall execute a statement of emergency detention or petition for emergency commitment for the individual and deliver it to the receiving state treatment facility. The department of health and family services shall file the statement or petition with the court within 24 hours after the subject individual is received for detention or commitment. The statement or petition shall conform to s. 51.15 (4) or (5) or 51.45 (12) (b). After an emergency

transfer is made, the director of the receiving facility may file a petition for continued commitment under s. 51.20 (1) or 51.45 (13) or may return the individual to the secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution or secured group home from which the transfer was made. As an alternative to this procedure, the procedure provided in s. 51.15 or 51.45 (12) may be used, except that no individual may be released without the approval of the court which directed confinement in the secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution or secured group home.

**SECTION 1561d.** 51.35 (3) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.35 (3) (g) A minor 14 years of age or older who is transferred to a treatment facility under par. (a) may request in writing a return to the juvenile secured correctional facility er, secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g) or secured group home. In the case of a minor under 14 years of age, the parent or guardian may make the request. Upon receipt of a request for return from a minor 14 years of age or over, the director shall immediately notify the minor's parent or guardian. The minor shall be returned to the juvenile secured correctional facility er, secured child caring institution or secured group home within 48 hours after submission of the request unless a petition or statement is filed for emergency detention, emergency commitment, involuntary commitment or protective placement.

**Section 1562.** 51.42 (3) (ar) 17. of the statutes is created to read:

51.42 (3) (ar) 17. If authorized under s. 46.283 (1) (a) 1., apply to the department of health and family services to operate a resource center under s. 46.283 and, if the department contracts with the county under s. 46.283 (2), operate the resource center.

**SECTION 1563.** 51.42 (3) (ar) 18. of the statutes is created to read:

51.42 (3) (ar) 18. If authorized under s. 46.284 (1) (a) 1., apply to the department of health and family services to operate a care management organization under s. 46.284 and, if the department contracts with the county under s. 46.284 (2), operate the care management organization and, if appropriate, place funds in a risk reserve.

SECTION 1564. 51.42 (3) (as) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.42 (3) (as) 3. Care, services and supplies provided after December 31, 1973, to any person who, on December 31, 1973, was in or under the supervision of a mental health institute, or was receiving mental health services in a facility authorized by s. 51.08 or 51.09, but was not admitted to a mental health institute by the department of health and family services, shall be charged to the county department of community programs which was responsible for such care and services at the place where the patient resided when admitted to the institution. The department of health and family services shall may bill county departments of community programs for care provided at the mental health institutes at rates which reflects the estimated per diem cost of specific levels of care, to be adjusted periodically by the department of health and family services sets on a flexible basis, except that this flexible rate structure shall cover the cost of operations of the mental health institutes.

SECTION 1565. 51.42 (3) (aw) 1. d. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.42 (3) (aw) 1. d. Provide treatment and services that are specified in a conditional release plan approved by a court for a person who is a county resident and is conditionally released under s. 971.17 (3) or (4) or that are specified in a supervised release plan approved by a court under s. 980.06 (2) (c), 1997 stats., or s. 980.08 (5). If the county department provides treatment and services under this subdivision, the

department of health and family services shall, from the appropriation under s. 20.435(2)(bj), pay the county department for the costs of the treatment and services.

**SECTION 1566.** 51.42 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.42 (3) (e) Exchange of information. Notwithstanding ss. 46.2895 (9), 48.78 (2) (a), 49.45 (4), 49.83, 51.30, 51.45 (14) (a), 55.06 (17) (c), 146.82, 252.11 (7), 253.07 (3) (c) and 938.78 (2) (a), any subunit of a county department of community programs acting under this section may exchange confidential information about a client, without the informed consent of the client, with any other subunit of the same county department of community programs, with a resource center, care management organization or family care district, or with any person providing services to the client under a purchase of services contract with the county department of community programs or with a resource center, care management organization or family care district, if necessary to enable an employe or service provider to perform his or her duties, or to enable the county department of community programs to coordinate the delivery of services to the client.

SECTION 1568. 51.423 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.423 (2) From the appropriations under s. 20.435 (3) (o) and (7) (b), (kw) and (o), the department shall distribute the funding for services provided or purchased by county departments under s. 46.23, 51.42 or 51.437 to such county departments as provided under s. 46.40. County matching funds are required for the distributions under s. 46.40 (2) and (9) (b). Each county's required match for the distributions under s. 46.40 (2) for a year equals 9.89% of the total of the county's distributions under s. 46.40 (2) for that year for which matching funds are required plus the amount the county was required by s. 46.26 (2) (c), 1985 stats., to spend for juvenile delinquency—related services from its distribution for 1987. Each county's required

match for the distribution under s. 46.40 (9) (b) for a year equals 9.89% of that
county's amounts described in s. 46.40 (9) (a) (intro.) for that year. Matching funds
may be from county tax levies, federal and state revenue sharing funds or private
donations to the counties that meet the requirements specified in sub. (5). Private
donations may not exceed $25\%$ of the total county match. If the county match is less
than the amount required to generate the full amount of state and federal funds
distributed for this period, the decrease in the amount of state and federal funds
equals the difference between the required and the actual amount of county
matching funds.

SECTION 1570. 51.437 (4m) (n) of the statutes is created to read:

51.437 (4m) (n) If authorized under s. 46.283 (1) (a) 1., apply to the department of health and family services to operate a resource center under s. 46.283 and, if the department contracts with the county under s. 46.283 (2), operate the resource center.

**SECTION 1571.** 51.437 (4m) (p) of the statutes is created to read:

51.437 (4m) (p) If authorized under s. 46.284 (1) (a) 1., apply to the department of health and family services to operate a care management organization under s. 46.284 and, if the department contracts with the county under s. 46.284 (2), operate the care management organization and, if appropriate, place funds in a risk reserve.

**SECTION 1572.** 51.437 (4r) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.437 (4r) (b) Notwithstanding ss. 46.2895 (9), 48.78 (2) (a), 49.45 (4), 49.83, 51.30, 51.45 (14) (a), 55.06 (17) (c), 146.82, 252.11 (7), 253.07 (3) (c) and 938.78 (2) (a), any subunit of the county department of developmental disabilities services acting under this section may exchange confidential information about a client, without the informed consent of the client, with any other subunit of the same county department

of developmental disabilities services, with a resource center, care management organization or family care district, or with any person providing services to the client under a purchase of services contract with the county department of developmental disabilities services or with a resource center, care management organization or family care district, if necessary to enable an employe or service provider to perform his or her duties, or to enable the county department of developmental disabilities services to coordinate the delivery of services to the client.

SECTION 1573. 51.45 (5) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 1573g.** 51.48 of the statutes is created to read:

51.48 Alcohol and other drug testing of minors. A minor's parent or guardian may consent to have the minor tested for the presence of alcohol or other drugs in the minor's body. Consent of the minor is not required under this section.

SECTION 1572m. 58.06 of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 1575t.** 59.23 (2) (i) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 1576. 59.25 (3) (f) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

59.25 (3) (f) 2. For all court imposed fines and forfeitures required by law to be deposited in the state treasury, the amounts required by s. 165.87 757.05 for the penalty assessment surcharge, the amounts required by s. 165.755 for the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, the amounts required by s. 167.31 (5) for the weapons assessment, the amounts required by s. 973.045 for the crime victim and witness assistance surcharge, the amounts required by s. 938.34 (8d) for the delinquency victim and witness assistance surcharge, the amounts required by s. 973.046 for the deoxyribonucleic acid analysis surcharge, the amounts required by s. 961.41 (5) for the drug abuse program improvement surcharge, the amounts required by s. 100.261 for the consumer information assessment, the

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amounts authorized by s. 971.37 (1m) (c) 1. or required by s. 973.055 (1) for the
domestic abuse assessment, the amounts required by s. 253.06 (4) (c) for the
enforcement assessment under the supplemental food program for women, infants
and children, the amounts required by ss. 346.177, 346.495 and 346.65 (4r) for the
railroad crossing improvement assessment, the amounts required by s. 346.655 (2)
(a) and (b) for the driver improvement surcharge, the amounts required by s. 102.85
(4) for the uninsured employer assessment, the amounts required by s. 299.93 for the
environmental assessment, the amounts required by s. 29.983 for the wild animal
protection assessment, the amounts required by s. 29.987 for the natural resources
assessment surcharge, the amounts required by s. 29.985 for the fishing shelter
removal assessment, the amounts required by s. 350.115 for the snowmobile
registration restitution payment and the amounts required by s. 29.989 for natural
resources restitution payments, transmit to the state treasurer a statement of all
moneys required by law to be paid on the actions entered during the preceding month
on or before the first day of the next succeeding month, certified by the county
treasurer's personal signature affixed or attached thereto, and at the same time pay
to the state treasurer the amount thereof.

SECTION 1576m. 59.25 (3) (r) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 1577. 59.40 (2) (m) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.40 (2) (m) Pay monthly to the treasurer for the use of the state the state's percentage of the fees required to be paid on each civil action, criminal action and special proceeding filed during the preceding month and pay monthly to the treasurer for the use of the state the percentage of court imposed fines and forfeitures required by law to be deposited in the state treasury, the amounts required by s. 165.87(2)(b) 757.05 for the penalty assessment surcharge, the amounts required by

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s. 165.755 for the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, the amounts required by s. 167.31 (5) for the weapons assessment, the amounts required by s. 973.045 for the crime victim and witness assistance surcharge, the amounts required by s. 938.34 (8d) for the delinquency victim and witness assistance surcharge, the amounts required by s. 973.046 for the deoxyribonucleic acid analysis surcharge, the amounts required by s. 961.41 (5) for the drug abuse program improvement surcharge, the amounts required by s. 100.261 for the consumer information assessment, the amounts authorized by s. 971.37 (1m) (c) 1. or required by s. 973.055 for the domestic abuse assessment surcharge, the amounts required by s. 253.06 (4) (c) for the enforcement assessment under the supplemental food program for women, infants and children, the amounts required by ss. 346.177, 346.495 and 346.65 (4r) for the railroad crossing improvement assessment, the amounts required by s. 346.655 for the driver improvement surcharge, the amounts required by s. 102.85 (4) for the uninsured employer assessment, the amounts required by s. 299.93 for the environmental assessment, the amounts required under s. 29.983 for the wild animal protection assessment, the amounts required under s. 29.987(1)(d) for the natural resources assessment surcharge, the amounts required by s. 29.985 for the fishing shelter removal assessment, the amounts required by s. 350.115 for the snowmobile registration restitution payment and the amounts required under s. 29.989 (1) (d) for the natural resources restitution payments. The payments shall be made by the 15th day of the month following receipt thereof.

SECTION 1577p. 59.52 (29) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.52 (29) (a) All public work, including any contract for the construction, repair, remodeling or improvement of any public work, building, or furnishing of supplies or material of any kind where the estimated cost of such work will exceed

\$20,000 \$25,000 shall be let by contract to the lowest responsible bidder. Any public work, the estimated cost of which does not exceed \$20,000 \$25,000, shall be let as the board may direct. If the estimated cost of any public work is between \$5,000 and \$20,000 \$25,000, the board shall give a class 1 notice under ch. 985 before it contracts for the work or shall contract with a person qualified as a bidder under s. 66.29 (2). A contract, the estimated cost of which exceeds \$20,000 \$25,000, shall be let and entered into under s. 66.29, except that the board may by a three-fourths vote of all the members entitled to a seat provide that any class of public work or any part thereof may be done directly by the county without submitting the same for bids. This subsection does not apply to public construction if the materials for such a project are donated or if the labor for such a project is provided by volunteers. This subsection does not apply to highway contracts which the county highway committee or the county highway commissioner is authorized by law to let or make.

SECTION 1578. 59.69 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.69 (3) (a) The county zoning agency shall may direct the preparation of a county development plan or parts thereof for the physical development of the unincorporated territory within the county and areas within incorporated jurisdictions whose governing bodies by resolution agree to having their areas included in the county's development plan. The plan may be adopted in whole or in part and may be amended by the board and endorsed by the governing bodies of incorporated jurisdictions included in the plan. The county development plan, in whole or in part, in its original form or as amended, is hereafter referred to as the development plan. The development plan shall contain at least the elements described in s. 66.0295.

SECTION 1579. 59.69 (3) (b) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

59.69 (3) (b) The development plan shall include the master plan, if any, of any
city or village, which was adopted under s. 62.23(2) or (3) and the official map, if any,
of such city or village, which was adopted under s. 62.23 (6) in the county, without
change.
SECTION 1579n. 59.692 (1) (bn) of the statutes is created to read:
59.692 (1) (bn) "Shoreland setback area" means an area in a shoreland that is
within a certain distance of the ordinary high-water mark in which the construction
or placement of buildings or structures has been limited or prohibited under an
ordinance enacted under this section.
SECTION 1579p. 59.692 (1) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
59.692 (1) (d) "Special zoning permission" has the meaning given in s. 59.69
(15) (g).
SECTION 1579r. 59.692 (1v) of the statutes is created to read:
59.692 (1v) A county shall grant special zoning permission for the construction
or placement of a structure on property in a shoreland setback area if all of the
following apply:
(a) The part of the structure that is nearest to the water is located at least 35
feet landward from the ordinary high-water mark.
(b) The total floor area of all of the structures in the shoreland setback area of
the property will not exceed 200 square feet. In calculating this square footage,
boathouses shall be excluded.
(c) The structure that is the subject of the request for special zoning permission
has no sides or has open or screened sides.

1	(d) The county must approve a plan that will be implemented by the owner of
2	the property to preserve or establish a vegetative buffer zone that covers at least $70\%$
3	of the half of the shoreland setback area that is nearest to the water.
4	SECTION 1579u. 59.692 (6m) of the statutes is created to read:
5	59.692 (6m) For an amendment to an ordinance enacted under this section that
6	affects an activity that meets all of the requirements under s. 281.165 (2) or (3) (a),
7	the department may not proceed under sub. (6) or (7) (b) or (c), or otherwise review
8	the amendment, to determine whether the ordinance, as amended, fails to meet the
9	shoreland zoning standards.
10	SECTION 1580p. 60.615 of the statutes is created to read:
11	60.615 Town of Troy farmland preservation pilot program; special
12	zoning powers, purchase of development rights. (1) Town BOARD PURCHASE OF
13	DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS. (a) Definitions. In this section:
14	1. "Board" means the town of Troy board of supervisors.
15	2. "Developer" means a person that constructs or creates a land development.
16	3. "Development rights" means a holder's nonpossessory interest in farmland
17	that imposes a limitation or affirmative obligation the purpose of which is to retain
18	or protect natural, scenic or open space values of farmland, assuring the availability
19	of farmland for agricultural, forest, wildlife habitat, recreational or open space use,
20	protecting natural resources or maintaining or enhancing air or water quality.
21	4. "Farmland" has the meaning given for eligible farmland under s. 91.01 (6).
22	5. "Land development" means the construction of residential dwelling units
23	within the town of Troy in an area that is rezoned under sub. (2).

(b) Purchase of development rights. 1. The board may purchase development 1 2 rights to farmland that is located in the town of Troy. 2. The town may purchase the development rights with the grant received from 3 the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection under s. 20.115(7)(dr) 4 or from funds received under sub. (2) (a). If the board adopts a resolution requesting 5 the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection to make the grant 6 payment described under this subdivision, the department shall do so. 7 3. The board shall determine which farmland in the town is the best farmland 8 and shall attempt to purchase the development rights to that farmland. 9 (2) REZONING. (a) When the board rezones under s. 91.77 (1), a parcel that is 10 zoned for exclusive agricultural use under subch. V of ch. 91, the board may recover 11 an amount equal to the amount of tax credits that would be subject to a lien, as 12 calculated under s. 91.77(2) on the parcel. The board may recover that amount either 13 by imposing a lien, in the manner provided in s. 91.19 (8) to (10), on the parcel or by 14 requiring payment from the developer who creates a land development on the parcel. 15 The board may use funds collected under this paragraph only for the purchase of 16 development rights under sub. (1) (b). 17 (b) The provisions of s. 91.77 (2) do not apply to a parcel that is rezoned under 18 par. (a) if the board recovers funds under par. (a). 19 (3) SUNSET PROVISIONS. Subsection (2) does not apply after the first day of the 20 12th month beginning after publication. 21 SECTION 1580n. 60.47 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 22 60.47 (2) (a) No town may enter into a public contract with an estimated cost 23

of more than \$5,000 but not more than \$10,000 \$15,000 unless the town board, or a

1	town official or employe designated by the town board, gives a class 1 notice under
2	ch. 985 before execution of that public contract.

**SECTION 1580nc.** 60.47 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

\$10,000 \$15,000 unless the town board, or a town official or employe designated by the town board, advertises for proposals to perform the terms of the public contract by publishing a class 2 notice under ch. 985. The town board may provide for additional means of advertising for bids.

**SECTION 1580ni.** 60.47 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.47 (5) Exception for emergencies and donated materials and Labor. This section is optional with respect to public contracts for the repair and construction of public facilities when damage or threatened damage to the facility creates an emergency, as declared by resolution of the town board, that endangers the public health or welfare of the town. This subsection no longer applies when the town board declares that the emergency no longer exists. This section is optional with respect to a public contract if the materials related to the contract are donated or if the labor that is necessary to execute the public contract is provided by volunteers.

SECTION 1580m. 59.79 (13) of the statutes is created to read:

59.79 (13) Design-build construction process. Let a contract for the construction of a sheriff's department training academy, that is located in the county, using the design-build construction process, as defined in s. 66.904 (2) (f). Section 66.904 (2) (f) to (i), as it applies to a metropolitan sewerage commission acting under that subsection, applies to the board acting under this subsection.

Section 1582s. 60.62 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.62 (4) (a) Notwithstanding ss. 61.35 and 62.23 (1) (a), a town with a population of less than 2,500 that acts under this section may create a "Town Plan Commission" under s. 62.23 (1) (a) that has 5 members, consisting of the town chairperson, who shall be its presiding officer, the town engineer, the president of the park hoard, another member of the town board and one citizen. If the town plan commission has only 5 members and the town has no engineer or park board, an additional citizen member shall be appointed so that the commission has at all times 5 members all of whom shall be appointed by the town board chairperson, who shall also select the presiding officer. The town board chairperson may appoint himself or herself to the commission and may appoint other town elected or appointed officials to the commission, except that the commission shall always have at least one citizen member who is not a town official. All other provisions of ss. 61.35 and 62.23 shall apply to a town plan commission that has 5 members.

SECTION 1582t. 60.62 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.62 (4) (b) If a town plan commission consists of 7 members and the town board enacts an ordinance or adopts a resolution reducing the size of the commission to 5 members, the commission shall continue to operate with 6 or 7 members until the expiration of the terms of the 2 citizen members, who were appointed under s. 62.23 (1) (e) (a), whose terms expire soonest after the effective date of the ordinance or resolution that reduces the size of the commission.

SECTION 1582u. 60.62 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.62 (4) (c) If a town plan commission consists of 5 members and the town board enacts an ordinance or adopts a resolution increasing the size of the commission to 7 members, the town board chairperson shall appoint the 2 new members under s. 62.23 (1) (c) (a).

**SECTION 1585m.** 61.55 of the statutes is amended to read:

61.55 Contracts involving over \$10,000 \$15,000; how let; exception. All contracts for public construction, in any such village, exceeding \$10,000 \$15,000, shall be let by the village board to the lowest responsible bidder in accordance with s. 66.29 insofar as said section may be applicable. If the estimated cost of any public construction exceeds \$5,000, but is not greater than \$10,000 \$15,000, the village board shall give a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, of the proposed construction before the contract for the construction is executed. This provision does not apply to public construction if the materials for such a project are donated or if the labor for such a project is provided by volunteers, and this provision and s. 281.41 are not mandatory for the repair and reconstruction of public facilities when damage or threatened damage thereto creates an emergency, as determined by resolution of the village board, in which the public health or welfare of the village is endangered. Whenever the village board by majority vote at a regular or special meeting declares that an emergency no longer exists, this exemption no longer applies.

SECTION 1588c. 62.15 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.15 (1) Contracts; how let exception for donated materials and labor. All public construction, the estimated cost of which exceeds \$10,000 \$15,000, shall be let by contract to the lowest responsible bidder; all other public construction shall be let as the council may direct. If the estimated cost of any public construction exceeds \$5,000 but is not greater than \$10,000 \$15,000, the board of public works shall give a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, of the proposed construction before the contract for the construction is executed. This provision does not apply to public construction if the materials for such a project are donated or if the labor for such a project is provided by volunteers. The council may also by a vote of three—fourths of all the

members-elect provide by ordinance that any class of public construction or any part thereof may be done directly by the city without submitting the same for bids.

SECTION 1589s. 62.23 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.23 (1) (a) The council of any city may by ordinance create a "City Plan Commission," to consist of the mayor, who shall be its presiding officer, the city engineer, the president of the park board, an adderperson, and 3 citizens. In case the city has no engineer or no park board, an additional citizen member shall be appointed so that the board has at all times 7 members. All members of the commission shall be appointed by the mayor, who shall also choose the presiding officer. The mayor may appoint himself or herself to the commission and may appoint other city elected or appointed officials, except that the commission shall always have at least 3 citizen members who are not city officials. Citizen members shall be persons of recognized experience and qualifications. The council may by ordinance provide that the membership of the commission shall be as provided thereunder.

**SECTION 1589t.** 62.23(1)(b) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 1589u. 62.23 (1) (c) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 1589v. 62.23 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.23 (1) (d) The additional citizen members, if any, of the commission shall be first appointed to hold office for a period ending one year from the succeeding May first, and thereafter annually of 3 years. Appointments shall be made by the mayor during the month of April. Whenever a park board is created, or a city engineer appointed, the president of such board or such engineer shall succeed to a place on the commission when the term of an additional citizen member expires for terms that expire in April or at any other time if a vacancy occurs during the middle of a term.

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**SECTION 1590.** 62.23 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.23 (2) Functions. It shall be the function and duty of the commission to make and adopt a master plan for the physical development of the city, including any areas outside of its boundaries which in the commission's judgment bear relation to the development of the city provided, however, that in any county where a regional planning department has been established, areas outside the boundaries of a city may not be included in the master plan without the consent of the county board of supervisors. The master plan, with the accompanying maps, plats, charts and descriptive and explanatory matter, shall show the commission's recommendations for such physical development, and may include, among other things without limitation because of enumeration, the general location, character and extent of streets, highways, freeways, street grades, roadways, walks, bridges, viaducts, parking areas, tunnels, public places and areas, parks, parkways, playgrounds, sites for public buildings and structures, airports, pierhead and bulkhead lines, waterways, routes for railroads and buses, historic districts, and the general location and extent of sewers, water conduits and other public utilities whether privately or publicly owned, the acceptance, widening, narrowing, extension, relocation, removal, vacation, abandonment or change of use of any of the foregoing public ways, grounds, places, spaces, buildings, properties, utilities, routes or terminals, the general location, character and extent of community centers and neighborhood units, the general character, extent and layout of the replanning of blighted districts and slum areas, and a comprehensive zoning plan shall contain at least the elements described in s. 66.0295. The commission may from time to time amend, extend or add to the master plan or carry any part or subject matter into greater detail. The commission may adopt rules for the transaction of business and shall keep a record

of its resolutions, transactions, findings and determinations, which record shall be a public record.

**SECTION 1591.** 62.23 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

resolution, or, as the work of making the whole master plan as a whole by a single resolution, or, as the work of making the whole master plan progresses, may from time to time by resolution adopt a part or parts thereof, any such part to correspond generally with one or more of the functional subdivisions of the subject matter of the plan elements specified in s. 66.0295. The adoption of the plan or any part, amendment or addition, shall be by resolution carried by the affirmative votes of not less than a majority of all the members of the city plan commission. The resolution shall refer expressly to the maps, descriptive matter, elements under s. 66.0295 and other matters intended by the commission to form the whole or any part of the plan, and the action taken shall be recorded on the adopted plan or part thereof by the identifying signature of the secretary of the commission, and a copy of the plan or part thereof shall be certified to the common council. The purpose and effect of the adoption and certifying of the master plan or part thereof shall be solely to aid the city plan commission and the council in the performance of their duties.

SECTION 1591k. 62.231 (6m) of the statutes is created to read:

62.231 (6m) Certain amendments to ordinances. For an amendment to an ordinance enacted under this section that affects an activity that meets all of the requirements under s. 281.165(2) or (3)(a), the department of natural resources may not proceed under sub. (6), or otherwise review the amendment, to determine whether the ordinance, as amended, fails to meet reasonable minimum standards.

SECTION 1592g. 62.50 (23m) of the statutes is created to read:

1	62.50 (23m) FIREARM LAW MEDIA CAMPAIGN. The board shall conduct a city-wide
2	communications media campaign designed to deter the unlawful possession and use
3	of firearms by educating the public about the legal consequences of unlawful
4	possession and use of firearms. The department of administration shall provide
5	funding to the board for the media campaign under this subsection from the
6	appropriation under s. 20.475 (1) (f). The amounts paid by the department of
7	administration under this subsection may not exceed \$90,000 in the 1999-2000
8	fiscal year and \$60,000 in the 2000-01 fiscal year.
9	SECTION 1606. 66.0295 of the statutes is created to read:
10	66.0295 Comprehensive planning. (1) Definitions. In this section:
11	(a) "Comprehensive plan" means:
12	1. For a county, a development plan that is prepared or amended under s. 59.69
13	(2) or (3).
14	2. For a city or a village, or for a town that exercises village powers under s.
15	60.22 (3), a master plan that is adopted or amended under s. 62.23 (2) or (3).
16	3. For a regional planning commission, a master plan that is adopted or
17	amended under s. 66.945 (8), (9) or (10).
18	(b) "Local governmental unit" means a city, village, town, county or regional
19	planning commission that may adopt, prepare or amend a comprehensive plan.
20	(2) CONTENTS OF A COMPREHENSIVE PLAN. A comprehensive plan shall contain
21	all of the following elements:
22	(a) Issues and opportunities element. Background information on the local
23	governmental unit and a statement of overall objectives, policies, goals and programs
24	of the local governmental unit to guide the future development and redevelopment
25	of the local governmental unit over a 20-year planning period. Background

- information shall include population, household and employment forecasts that the local governmental unit uses in developing its comprehensive plan, and demographic trends, age distribution, educational levels, income levels and employment characteristics that exist within the local governmental unit.
- (b) Housing element. A compilation of objectives, policies, goals, maps and programs of the local governmental unit to provide an adequate housing supply that meets existing and forecasted housing demand in the local governmental unit. The element shall assess the age, structural, value and occupancy characteristics of the local governmental unit's housing stock. The element shall also identify specific policies and programs that promote the development of housing for residents of the local governmental unit and provide a range of housing choices that meet the needs of persons of all income levels and of all age groups and persons with special needs, policies and programs that promote the availability of land for the development or redevelopment of low–income and moderate–income housing, and policies and programs to maintain or rehabilitate the local governmental unit's existing housing stock.
- (c) Transportation element. A compilation of objectives, policies, goals, maps and programs to guide the future development of the various modes of transportation, including highways, transit, transportation systems for persons with disabilities, bicycles, walking, railroads, air transportation, trucking and water transportation. The element shall compare the local governmental unit's objectives, policies, goals and programs to state and regional transportation plans. The element shall also identify highways within the local governmental unit by function and incorporate state, regional and other applicable transportation plans, including transportation corridor plans, county highway functional and jurisdictional studies,

- urban area and rural area transportation plans, airport master plans and rail plans that apply in the local governmental unit.
- (d) Utilities and community facilities element. A compilation of objectives, policies, goals, maps and programs to guide the future development of utilities and community facilities in the local governmental unit such as sanitary sewer service, storm water management, water supply, solid waste disposal, on—site wastewater treatment technologies, recycling facilities, parks, telecommunications facilities, power—generating plants and transmission lines, cemeteries, health care facilities, child care facilities and other public facilities, such as police, fire and rescue facilities, libraries, schools and other governmental facilities. The element shall describe the location, use and capacity of existing public utilities and community facilities that serve the local governmental unit, shall include an approximate timetable that forecasts the need in the local governmental unit to expand or rehabilitate existing utilities and facilities or to create new utilities and facilities and shall assess future needs for government services in the local governmental unit that are related to such utilities and facilities.
- (e) Agricultural, natural and cultural resources element. A compilation of objectives, policies, goals, maps and programs for the conservation, and promotion of the effective management, of natural resources such as groundwater, forests, productive agricultural areas, environmentally sensitive areas, threatened and endangered species, stream corridors, surface water, floodplains, wetlands, wildlife habitat, metallic and nonmetallic mineral resources, parks, open spaces, historical and cultural resources, community design, recreational resources and other natural resources.

- (f) Economic development element. A compilation of objectives, policies, goals, maps and programs to promote the stabilization, retention or expansion, of the economic base and quality employment opportunities in the local governmental unit, including an analysis of the labor force and economic base of the local governmental unit. The element shall assess categories or particular types of new businesses and industries that are desired by the local governmental unit. The element shall assess the local governmental unit's strengths and weaknesses with respect to attracting and retaining businesses and industries, and shall designate an adequate number of sites for such businesses and industries. The element shall also evaluate and promote the use of environmentally contaminated sites for commercial or industrial uses. The element shall also identify county, regional and state economic development programs that apply to the local governmental unit.
- (g) Intergovernmental cooperation element. A compilation of objectives, policies, goals, maps and programs for joint planning and decision making with other jurisdictions, including school districts and adjacent local governmental units, for siting and building public facilities and sharing public services. The element shall analyze the relationship of the local governmental unit to school districts and adjacent local governmental units, and to the region, the state and other governmental units. The element shall incorporate any plans or agreements to which the local governmental unit is a party under s. 66.023, 66.30 or 66.945. The element shall identify existing or potential conflicts between the local governmental unit and other governmental units that are specified in this paragraph and describe processes to resolve such conflicts.
- (h) Land-use element. A compilation of objectives, policies, goals, maps and programs to guide the future development and redevelopment of public and private

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property. The element shall contain a listing of the amount, type, intensity and net density of existing uses of land in the local governmental unit, such as agricultural, residential, commercial, industrial and other public and private uses. The element shall analyze trends in the supply, demand and price of land, opportunities for redevelopment and existing and potential land-use conflicts. The element shall contain projections, based on the background information specified in par. (a), for 20 years with detailed maps, in 5-year increments, of future residential, agricultural, commercial and industrial land uses including the assumptions of net densities or other spatial assumptions upon which the projections are based. The element shall also include a series of maps that shows current land uses and future land uses that indicate productive agricultural soils, natural limitations for building site development, floodplains, wetlands and other environmentally sensitive lands, the boundaries of areas to which services of public utilities and community facilities, as those terms are used in par. (d), will be provided in the future, consistent with the timetable described in par. (d), and the general location of future land uses by net density or other classifications.

(i) Implementation element. A compilation of programs and specific actions to be completed in a stated sequence, including proposed changes to any applicable zoning ordinances, official maps, sign regulations, erosion and storm water control ordinances, historic preservation ordinances, site plan regulations, design review ordinances, building codes, mechanical codes, housing codes, sanitary codes or subdivision ordinances, to implement the objectives, policies, plans and programs contained in pars. (a) to (h). The element shall describe how each of the elements of the comprehensive plan will be integrated and made consistent with the other elements of the comprehensive plan, and shall include a mechanism to measure the

1	local governmental unit's progress toward achieving all aspects of the
2	comprehensive plan. The element shall include a process for updating the
3	comprehensive plan. A comprehensive plan under this subsection shall be updated
4	no less than once every 10 years.
5	(3) Actions, procedures that must be consistent with comprehensive plans.
6	Beginning on January 1, 2010, any program or action of a local governmental unit
7	that affects land use shall be consistent with that local governmental unit's
8	comprehensive plan, including all of the following:
9	(a) Municipal incorporation procedures under s. 66.012, 66.013 or 66.014.
10	(b) Annexation procedures under s. 66.021, 66.024 or 66.025.
11	(c) Cooperative boundary agreements entered into under s. 66.023.
12	(d) Consolidation of territory under s. 66.02.
13	(e) Detachment of territory under s. 66.022.
14	(f) Municipal boundary agreements fixed by judgment under s. 66.027.
15	(g) Official mapping established or amended under s. 62.23 (6).
16	(h) Local subdivision regulation under s. 236.45 or 236.46.
17	(i) Extraterritorial plat review within a city's or village's extraterritorial plat
18	approval jurisdiction, as is defined in s. 236.02 (5).
19	(j) County zoning ordinances enacted or amended under s. 59.69.
20	(k) City or village zoning ordinances enacted or amended under s. 62.23 (7).
21	(L) Town zoning ordinances enacted or amended under s. 60.61 or 60.62.
22	(m) An improvement of a transportation facility that is undertaken under s.
23	84.185.
24	(n) Agricultural preservation plans that are prepared or revised under subch.
25	IV of ch. 91.

1	(o) Impact fee ordinances that are enacted or amended under s. 66.55.
2	(p) Land acquisition for recreational lands and parks under s. 23.09 (20).
3	(q) Zoning of shorelands or wetlands in shorelands under s. 59.692, 61.351 or
4	62.231.
5	(r) Construction site erosion control and storm water management zoning
6	under s. 59.693, 61.354 or 62.234.
7	(s) Any other ordinance, plan or regulation of a local governmental unit that
8	relates to land use.

- (4) PROCEDURES FOR ADOPTING COMPREHENSIVE PLANS. A local governmental unit shall comply with all of the following before its comprehensive plan may take effect:
- (a) The governing body of a local governmental unit shall adopt written procedures that are designed to foster public participation, including open discussion, communication programs, information services and public meetings for which advance notice has been provided, in every stage of the preparation of a comprehensive plan. The written procedures shall provide for wide distribution of proposed, alternative or amended elements of a comprehensive plan and shall provide an opportunity for written comments on the plan to be submitted by members of the public to the governing body and for the governing body to respond to such written comments.
- (b) The planning commission or other body of a local governmental unit that is authorized to prepare or amend a comprehensive plan may recommend the adoption or amendment of a comprehensive plan only by adopting a resolution by majority vote. The vote shall be recorded in the official minutes of the planning commission or other body. The resolution shall refer to maps and other descriptive materials that relate to one or more elements of a comprehensive plan. One copy of

- an adopted comprehensive plan, or of an amendment to such a plan, shall be sent to all of the following:
  - 1. Every governmental body that is located in whole or in part within the boundaries of the local governmental unit.
  - 2. Every local governmental unit that is adjacent to the local governmental unit which is the subject of the plan that is adopted or amended as described in par. (b) (intro.).
    - 3. The Wisconsin land council.
    - 4. After September 1, 2003, the department of administration.
  - (c) No recommended comprehensive plan that is adopted or amended under par. (b) may take effect until the plan or amendment is enacted as an ordinance by the local governmental unit. The local governmental unit may not enact an ordinance under this paragraph unless the comprehensive plan contains all of the elements specified in sub. (2). An ordinance may be enacted under this paragraph only by a majority vote of the members—elect, as defined in s. 59.001 (2m), of the governing body. An ordinance that is enacted under this paragraph shall be filed with at least all of the following:
  - 1. The public library that serves the area in which the local governmental unit is located.
    - 2. The clerk of all adjacent local governmental units.
  - (d) No local governmental unit may enact an ordinance under par. (c) unless the local governmental unit holds at least one public hearing at which the proposed ordinance is discussed. That hearing must be preceded by a class 1 notice under ch. 985 that is published at least 30 days before the hearing is held. The local governmental unit may also provide notice of the hearing by any other means it

1	considers appropriate. The class 1 notice shall contain at least the following
2	information:
3	1. The date, time and place of the hearing.
4	2. A summary, which may include a map, of the proposed comprehensive plan
5	or amendment to such a plan.
6	3. The name of an individual employed by the local governmental unit who may
7	provide additional information regarding the proposed ordinance.
8	4. Information relating to where and when the proposed comprehensive plan
9	or amendment to such a plan may be inspected before the hearing, and how a copy
10	of the plan or amendment may be obtained.
11	SECTION 1606m. 66.034 of the statutes is created to read:
12	66.034 Traditional neighborhood developments and conservation
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13	subdivisions. (1) Definitions. In this section:
13	subdivisions. (1) Definitions. In this section:
13 14	subdivisions. (1) Definitions. In this section:  (a) "Conservation subdivision" means a housing development in a rural setting
13 14 15	subdivisions. (1) Definitions. In this section:  (a) "Conservation subdivision" means a housing development in a rural setting that is characterized by compact lots and common open space, and where the natural
13 14 15 16	subdivisions. (1) Definitions. In this section:  (a) "Conservation subdivision" means a housing development in a rural setting that is characterized by compact lots and common open space, and where the natural features of land are maintained to the greatest extent possible.
13 14 15 16 17	subdivisions. (1) Definitions. In this section:  (a) "Conservation subdivision" means a housing development in a rural setting that is characterized by compact lots and common open space, and where the natural features of land are maintained to the greatest extent possible.  (b) "Extension" has the meaning given in s. 36.05 (7).
13 14 15 16 17	subdivisions. (1) Definitions. In this section:  (a) "Conservation subdivision" means a housing development in a rural setting that is characterized by compact lots and common open space, and where the natural features of land are maintained to the greatest extent possible.  (b) "Extension" has the meaning given in s. 36.05 (7).  (c) "Traditional neighborhood development" means a compact, mixed—use
13 14 15 16 17 18	subdivisions. (1) Definitions. In this section:  (a) "Conservation subdivision" means a housing development in a rural setting that is characterized by compact lots and common open space, and where the natural features of land are maintained to the greatest extent possible.  (b) "Extension" has the meaning given in s. 36.05 (7).  (c) "Traditional neighborhood development" means a compact, mixed—use neighborhood where residential, commercial and civic buildings are within close
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	subdivisions. (1) Definitions. In this section:  (a) "Conservation subdivision" means a housing development in a rural setting that is characterized by compact lots and common open space, and where the natural features of land are maintained to the greatest extent possible.  (b) "Extension" has the meaning given in s. 36.05 (7).  (c) "Traditional neighborhood development" means a compact, mixed—use neighborhood where residential, commercial and civic buildings are within close proximity to each other.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	subdivisions. (1) Definitions. In this section:  (a) "Conservation subdivision" means a housing development in a rural setting that is characterized by compact lots and common open space, and where the natural features of land are maintained to the greatest extent possible.  (b) "Extension" has the meaning given in s. 36.05 (7).  (c) "Traditional neighborhood development" means a compact, mixed—use neighborhood where residential, commercial and civic buildings are within close proximity to each other.  (2) Model Ordinances. (a) Not later than January 1, 2001, the extension, in

planning and development, shall develop a model ordinance for a traditional neighborhood development and an ordinance for a conservation subdivision.

- (b) The model ordinances developed under par. (a) shall be presented to the chief clerk of each house of the legislature, and shall be referred immediately by the speaker of the assembly and the presiding officer of the senate to the appropriate standing committee in each house. The model ordinances shall be considered to have been approved by a standing committee if within 14 working days of the referral, the committee does not schedule a meeting for the purpose of reviewing the model ordinance. If the committee schedules a meeting for the purpose of reviewing the model ordinance, the ordinance may not be considered to have been approved unless the committee approves the model ordinance.
- (3) CITY, VILLAGE AND TOWN REQUIREMENTS. (a) Not later than January 1, 2002, every city and village, and every town with a population of at least 12,500 shall enact an ordinance under s. 62.23 (7) that is substantially similar to the model ordinance that is developed under sub. (2) (a) if the ordinance is approved under sub. (2) (b), although the ordinance is not required to be mapped.
- (b) A city or village that comes into existence, or town whose population reaches at least 12,500, after January 1, 2002, shall enact an ordinance under s. 62.23 (7) that is substantially similar to the model ordinance that is developed under sub. (2) (a) if the ordinance is approved under sub. (2) (b) not later than the first day of the 12th month beginning after the city or village comes into existence or after the town's population reaches at least 12,500, although the ordinance is not required to be mapped.

SECTION 1607. 66.04 (1m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.04 (1m) (a) No city, village or, town, family care district under s. 46.2895 or
agency or subdivision of a city, village or town may authorize funds for or pay to a
physician or surgeon or a hospital, clinic or other medical facility for the performance
of an abortion except those permitted under and which are performed in accordance
with s. 20.927.

**SECTION 1608.** 66.04 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.04 (1m) (b) No city, village or, town, family care district under s. 46.2895 or agency or subdivision of a city, village or town may authorize payment of funds for a grant, subsidy or other funding involving a pregnancy program, project or service if s. 20.9275 (2) applies to the pregnancy program, project or service.

SECTION 1608p. 66.085 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.085 (2) Interference prohibited. The owner or manager of a multiunit dwelling under common ownership, control or management or of a mobile home park or the association or board of directors of a condominium may not prevent a cable operator from providing cable service to a subscriber who is a resident of the multiunit dwelling, mobile home park or of the condominium or interfere with a cable operator providing cable service to a subscriber who is a resident of the multiunit dwelling, mobile home park or of the condominium.

**SECTION 1609.** 66.119 (1) (b) 7. c. of the statutes is amended to read:

66.119 (1) (b) 7. c. That if the alleged violator makes a cash deposit and does not appear in court, he or she either will be deemed to have tendered a plea of no contest and submitted to a forfeiture, a penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87 757.05, a jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), a crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information assessment imposed by s. 100.261 and any applicable domestic abuse

assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1) not to exceed the amount of the deposit or will be summoned into court to answer the complaint if the court does not accept the plea of no contest.

**SECTION 1610.** 66.119 (1) (b) 7. d. of the statutes is amended to read:

66.119 (1) (b) 7. d. That if the alleged violator does not make a cash deposit and does not appear in court at the time specified, the court may issue a summons or a warrant for the defendant's arrest or consider the nonappearance to be a plea of no contest and enter judgment under sub. (3) (d), or the municipality may commence an action against the alleged violator to collect the forfeiture, the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information assessment imposed by s. 100.261 and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1).

SECTION 1611. 66.119 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.119 (1) (c) An ordinance adopted under par. (a) shall contain a schedule of cash deposits that are to be required for the various ordinance violations, and for the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information assessment imposed by s. 100.261 and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1), for which a citation may be issued. The ordinance shall also specify the court, clerk of court or other official to whom cash deposits are to be made and shall require that receipts be given for cash deposits.

SECTION 1612. 66.119 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.119 (3) (a) The person named as the alleged violator in a citation may appear in court at the time specified in the citation or may mail or deliver personally a cash deposit in the amount, within the time and to the court, clerk of court or other official specified in the citation. If a person makes a cash deposit, the person may nevertheless appear in court at the time specified in the citation, provided that the cash deposit may be retained for application against any forfeiture, restitution, penalty assessment, jail assessment, crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment or consumer information assessment or domestic abuse assessment that may be imposed.

**SECTION 1613.** 66.119 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.119 (3) (b) If a person appears in court in response to a citation, the citation may be used as the initial pleading, unless the court directs that a formal complaint be made, and the appearance confers personal jurisdiction over the person. The person may plead guilty, no contest or not guilty. If the person pleads guilty or no contest, the court shall accept the plea, enter a judgment of guilty and impose a forfeiture, the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information assessment imposed by s. 100.261 and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1). If the court finds that the violation meets the conditions in s. 800.093 (1), the court may order restitution under s. 800.093. A plea of not guilty shall put all matters in the case at issue, and the matter shall be set for trial.

SECTION 1614. 66.119 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.119 (3) (c) If the alleged violator makes a cash deposit and fails to appear in court, the citation may serve as the initial pleading and the violator shall be

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considered to have tendered a plea of no contest and submitted to a forfeiture, the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46(1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information assessment imposed by s. 100.261 and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1) not exceeding the amount of the deposit. The court may either accept the plea of no contest and enter judgment accordingly or reject the plea. If the court finds the violation meets the conditions in s. 800.093 (1), the court may summon the alleged violator into court to determine if restitution shall be ordered under s. 800.093. If the court accepts the plea of no contest, the defendant may move within 10 days after the date set for the appearance to withdraw the plea of no contest, open the judgment and enter a plea of not guilty if the defendant shows to the satisfaction of the court that the failure to appear was due to mistake, inadvertence, surprise or excusable neglect. If the plea of no contest is accepted and not subsequently changed to a plea of not guilty, no costs or fees may be taxed against the violator, but a penalty assessment, a jail assessment, a crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment and, if applicable, a consumer information assessment or a domestic abuse assessment shall be assessed. If the court rejects the plea of no contest, an action for collection of the forfeiture, penalty assessment, jail assessment, crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information assessment and any applicable domestic abuse assessment may be commenced. A city, village, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district may commence action under s. 66.12 (1) and a county or town may commence action under s. 778.10. The citation may be used as the complaint in the action for the collection of the forfeiture, penalty assessment, jail

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assessment, crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information assessment and any applicable domestic abuse assessment.

SECTION 1615. 66.119 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.119 (3) (d) If the alleged violator does not make a cash deposit and fails to appear in court at the time specified in the citation, the court may issue a summons or warrant for the defendant's arrest or consider the nonappearance to be a plea of no contest and enter judgment accordingly if service was completed as provided under par. (e) or the county, town, city, village, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district may commence an action for collection of the forfeiture, penalty assessment, jail assessment and crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information assessment and any applicable domestic abuse assessment. A city, village, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district may commence action under s. 66.12(1) and a county or town may commence action under s. 778.10. The citation may be used as the complaint in the action for the collection of the forfeiture, penalty assessment, jail assessment and crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information assessment and any applicable domestic abuse assessment. If the court considers the nonappearance to be a plea of no contest and enters judgment accordingly, the court shall promptly mail a copy or notice of the judgment to the defendant. The judgment shall allow the defendant not less than 20 days from the date of the judgment to pay any forfeiture, penalty assessment, jail assessment and crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information assessment and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed. If the defendant moves to open the judgment

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within 6 months after the court appearance date fixed in the citation, and shows to the satisfaction of the court that the failure to appear was due to mistake, inadvertence, surprise or excusable neglect, the court shall reopen the judgment, accept a not guilty plea and set a trial date.

SECTION 1616. 66.12 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.12 (1) (b) Local ordinances, except as provided in this paragraph or ss. 345.20 to 345.53, may contain a provision for stipulation of guilt or no contest of any or all violations under those ordinances, and may designate the manner in which the stipulation is to be made and fix the penalty to be paid. When a person charged with a violation for which stipulation of guilt or no contest is authorized makes a timely stipulation and pays the required penalty and pays the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information assessment imposed by s. 100.261 and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1) to the designated official, the person need not appear in court and no witness fees or other additional costs may be taxed unless the local ordinance so provides. A court appearance is required for a violation of a local ordinance in conformity with s. 346.63 (1). The official receiving the penalties shall remit all moneys collected to the treasurer of the city, village, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district in whose behalf the sum was paid, except that all jail assessments shall be remitted to the county treasurer, within 20 days after its receipt by him or her; and in case of any failure in the payment, the treasurer may collect the payment of the officer by action, in the name of the office, and upon the official bond of the officer, with interest at the rate of 12% per year from the time when it should have been paid.

In the case of the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87 757.05, the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, the driver improvement surcharge imposed by s. 346.655 (1), any applicable consumer information assessment imposed by s. 100.261 and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1), the treasurer of the city, village, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district shall remit to the state treasurer the sum required by law to be paid on the actions so entered during the preceding month on or before the first day of the next succeeding month. The governing body of the city, village, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district shall by ordinance designate the official to receive the penalties and the terms under which the official shall qualify.

SECTION 1617. 66.12 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

ordinance or bylaw of any city, village, town, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district shall be paid into the city, village, town, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district treasury for the use of the city, village, town, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district treasury for the use of the city, village, town, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district, except as otherwise provided in par. (c), sub. (1) (b) and s. 165.87 757.05. The judge shall report and pay into the treasury, quarterly, or at more frequent intervals if so required, all moneys collected belonging to the city, village, town, town sanitary district or public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district, which report shall be certified and filed in the office of the treasurer; and the judge shall be entitled to duplicate receipts for such moneys, one of which he or she shall file with the city, village or town clerk or with the town sanitary district or the public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district.

(8)

**SECTION 1617r.** 66.184 of the statutes is amended to read:

village provides health care benefits under its home rule power, or if a town provides health care benefits, to its officers and employes on a self-insured basis, the self-insured plan shall comply with ss. 49.493 (3) (d), 631.89, 631.90, 631.93 (2), 632.746 (10) (a) 2. and (b) 2., 632.747 (3), 632.85, 632.853, 632.855, 632.87 (4) and (5), 632.895 (9) to (13), 632.896, and 767.25 (4m) (d), 767.51 (3m) (d) and 767.62 (4) (b)

4. When please insert a stricken space after the stricken "4" and before the plain period

SECTION 1618m. 66.293 (10) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

work on a project that is subject to this section shall keep full and accurate records clearly indicating the name and trade or occupation of every person described in sub.

(4) and an accurate record of the number of hours worked by each of those persons and the actual wages paid therefor. If requested by any person, a contractor, subcontractor or agent thereof performing work on a project that is subject to this section shall permit that person to inspect and copy any of those records to the same extent as the department would be required to permit inspection and copying of those records under ss. 19.31 to 19.39 if those records were in the custody of the department.

**SECTION 1619.** 66.299 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

66.299 (3) (a) 1. A local governmental unit shall, to the extent practicable, make purchasing selections using specifications developed by state agencies under s. 16.72 (2) (e), except s. 16.72 (2) (e) 2., to maximize the purchase of products utilizing recycled or recovered materials.

SECTION 1620. 66.299 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

Eagle River:

66.299 (4) Purchase of Recyclable materials. A local governmental unit shall,
to the extent practicable, make purchasing selections using specifications prepared
by state agencies under s. 16.72 (2) (f).
SECTION 1621. 66.30 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
66.30 (1) (a) In this section "municipality" means the state or any department
or agency thereof, or any city, village, town, county, school district, public library
system, public inland lake protection and rehabilitation district, sanitary district,
farm drainage district, metropolitan sewerage district, sewer utility district, solid
waste management system created under s. 59.70 (2), local exposition district
created under subch. II of ch. 229, local professional baseball park district created
under subch. III of ch. 229, family care district under s. 46.2895, water utility district,
mosquito control district, municipal electric company, county or city transit
commission, commission created by contract under this section, taxation district or
regional planning commission.
SECTION 1621e. 66.307 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
66.307 (2) (a) The governing body of a political subdivision, by a two-thirds vote
of the members of the governing body who are present when the vote is taken, may
enact an ordinance or adopt a resolution declaring itself to be a premier resort area
if, except as provided in par. (e), at least 40% of the equalized assessed value of the
taxable property within such political subdivision is used by tourism-related
retailers.
SECTION 1621f. 66.307 (2) (e) of the statutes is created to read:
66.307 (2) (e) 1. The legislature finds the following with respect to the city of

a. It is extremely close to the 40% threshold described in par. (a).

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- (b) Bond issuance for public school facilities. The authority of a 1st class city 1 may issue up to \$170,000,000 in bonds to finance or refinance the development or 2 redevelopment of sites and facilities to be used for public school facilities by the board 3 of school directors of the school district operating under ch. 119 if all of the following 4 5 apply: 1. The board of school directors of the school district operating under ch. 119 6 requests the issuance of the bonds to implement the report approved under 1999 7 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), section 9158 (7tw) (b). 8 2. The authority determines that the purposes of the financing are consistent 9 with the 1st class city's master plan. 10 (c) Terms and conditions. The terms and conditions of bonds issued under this 11 subsection shall be those specified in sub. (5) (a) 4. except that it shall not be 12 necessary that the financed property be located in a project area or a blighted area. 13 The bonds may not have a maturity in excess of 20 years and may not be issued later 14 than the first day of the 60th month beginning after the effective date of this 15 paragraph .... [revisor inserts date]. 16 (d) Designation of special debt service reserve funds. The authority may 17 designate one or more accounts in funds created under the resolution authorizing the 18 issuance of bonds under this subsection as special debt service reserve funds if, prior 19 to each issuance of bonds to be secured by the special debt service reserve fund, the 20 secretary of administration determines that all of the following conditions are met 21 with respect to the bonds described under sub (5) (a) 4. d: 22
  - 1. 'Purpose.' The proceeds of the bonds, other than refunding bonds, will be used for public school facilities in the school district operating under ch. 119.

2. 'Feasibility.' There is a reasonable likelihood that the bonds will be repaid
without the necessity of drawing on funds in the special debt service reserve fund
that secures the bonds. The secretary of administration may make this
determination of reasonable likelihood only after considering all of the following:
a. The extent to which and manner by which revenues of the school district
operating under ch. 119 are pledged to the payment of the bonds.
c. The proposed interest rates of the bonds and the resulting cash-flow
requirements.
d. The projected ratio of annual pledged revenues from the school district
operating under ch.119 to annual debt service on the bonds, taking into account
capitalized interest.
e. Whether an understanding exists providing for repayment by the authority
to the state of all amounts appropriated to the special debt service reserve fund
pursuant to par. (j).
f. Whether the authority has agreed that the department of administration will
have direct and immediate access, at any time and without notice, to all records of
the authority relating to the bonds.
3. 'Limit on bonds issued.' The principal amount of all bonds, other than
refunding bonds, that would be secured by all special debt service reserve funds of
the authority will not exceed \$170,000,000.
4. 'Refunding bonds.' All refunding bonds to be secured by the special debt
service reserve fund meet all of the following conditions:
a. The refunding bonds are to be issued to fund, refund or advance refund bonds
secured by a special debt service reserve fund.

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b. The refunding will not adversely affect the risk that the state will be called 1 2 on to make a payment under par. (j). 5. 'Approval of outstanding debt.' All outstanding bonds of the authority issued 3 under this subsection have been reviewed and approved by the secretary of 4 administration. In determining whether to approve outstanding bonds under this 5 subdivision, the secretary may consider any factor which the secretary determines 6 to have a bearing on whether the state moral obligation pledge under par. (j) should 7 be granted with respect to an issuance of bonds. 8 6. 'Financial reports.' The authority has agreed to provide to the department 9 of administration all financial reports of the authority and all regular monthly 10 statements of any trustee of the bonds on a direct and ongoing basis. 11 (e) Payment of funds into a special debt service reserve fund. The authority 12 shall pay into any special debt service reserve fund of the authority any moneys 13 appropriated and made available by the state for the purposes of the special debt 14 service reserve fund, any proceeds of a sale of bonds to the extent provided in the wife pease check spacing 15 bond resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds and any other moneys that are 16 made available to the authority for the purpose of the special debt service reserve 17 fund from any other source. 18 (f) Use of moneys in the special debt service reserve fund. All moneys held in 19 any special debt service reserve fund of the authority for bonds issued under this 20 subsection, except as otherwise specifically provided, shall be used solely for the 21 payment of the principal of the bonds, the making of sinking fund payments with 22 respect to the bonds, the purchase or redemption of the bonds, the payment of

interest on the bonds or the payment of any redemption premium required to be paid

when the bonds are redeemed prior to maturity. If moneys in a special debt service

reserve fund at any time are less than the special debt service reserve fund requirement under par. (h) for the special debt service reserve fund, the authority may not use these moneys for any optional purchase or optional redemption of the bonds. Any income or interest earned by, or increment to, any special debt service reserve fund due to the investment of moneys in the special debt service reserve fund may be transferred by the authority to other funds or accounts of the authority relating to the bonds to the extent that the transfer does not reduce the amount of the special debt service reserve fund below the special debt service reserve fund requirement under par. (h) for the special debt service reserve fund.

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- (g) Limitation on bonds secured by a special debt service reserve fund. The authority shall accumulate in each special debt service reserve fund an amount equal to the special debt service reserve fund requirement under par. (h) for the special debt service reserve fund. The authority may not at any time issue bonds under this subsection secured in whole or in part by a special debt service reserve fund if upon the issuance of these bonds the amount in the special debt service reserve fund will be less than the special debt service reserve fund requirement under par. (h) for the special debt service reserve fund.
- (h) Special debt service reserve fund requirement. The special debt service reserve fund requirement for a special debt service reserve fund, as of any particular date of computation, is equal to an amount of money, as provided in the bond resolution authorizing bonds under this subsection with respect to which the special debt service reserve fund is established, that may not exceed the maximum annual debt service on the bonds of the authority for that fiscal year or any future fiscal year of the authority secured in whole or in part by that special debt service reserve fund. In computing the annual debt service for any fiscal year, bonds deemed to have been

- paid in accordance with the defeasance provisions of the bond resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds shall not be included in bonds outstanding on such date of computation. The annual debt service for any fiscal year is the amount of money equal to the aggregate of all of the following calculated on the assumption that the bonds will, after the date of computation, cease to be outstanding by reason, but only by reason, of the payment of bonds when due, and the payment when due, and application in accordance with the bond resolution authorizing those bonds, of all of the sinking fund payments payable at or after the date of computation:
- 1. All interest payable during the fiscal year on all bonds that are secured in whole or in part by the special debt service reserve fund and that are outstanding on the date of computation.
- 2. The principal amount of all of the bonds that are secured in whole or in part by the special debt service reserve fund, are outstanding on the date of computation and mature during the fiscal year.
- 3. All amounts specified in bond resolutions of the authority authorizing any of the bonds that are secured in whole or in part by the special debt service reserve fund to be payable during the fiscal year as a sinking fund payment with respect to any of the bonds that mature after the fiscal year.
- (i) Valuation of securities. In computing the amount of a special debt service reserve fund for the purposes of this subsection, securities in which all or a portion of the special debt service reserve fund is invested shall be valued at par, or, if purchased at less than par, at their cost to the authority.
- (j) State moral obligation pledge. If at any time of valuation the special debt service reserve fund requirement under par. (h) for a special debt service reserve fund exceeds the amount of moneys in the special debt service reserve fund, the

authority shall certify to the secretary of administration, the governor and the joint committee on finance the amount necessary to restore the special debt service reserve fund to an amount equal to the special debt service reserve fund requirement under par. (h) for the special debt service reserve fund. If this certification is received by the secretary of administration in an even-numbered year prior to the completion of the budget compilation under s. 16.43, the secretary shall include the certified amount in the budget compilation. In any case, the joint committee on finance shall introduce in either house, in bill form, an appropriation of the amount so certified to the appropriate special debt service reserve fund of the authority. Recognizing its moral obligation to do so, the legislature hereby expresses its expectation and aspiration that, if ever called upon to do so, it shall make this appropriation. This specific paragraph applies only to bonds issued under, and in compliance with, this subsection.

- (k) Minority contracting provisions. 1. With regard to a public school construction project that is financed from the proceeds of bonds that are issued under this subsection, a person who is awarded a contract for construction work or professional services shall agree, as a condition to receiving the contract, that at least 50% of the employes hired because of the contract will be minority group members, as defined in s. 560.036 (1) (f).
- 2. With regard to a public school construction project that is financed from the proceeds of bonds that are issued under this subsection, at least 50% of the aggregate dollar value of contracts awarded shall be awarded to minority businesses, as defined in s. 560.036 (1) (e), in the following areas:
  - a. Contracts for the construction of a public school.

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- b. Contracts for professional services related to the construction of a public school.
- (L) Types of schools. The proceeds of bonds issued under this subsection may not be used for middle schools, for charter or private schools or for modular schools.

SECTION 1630e. 66.46 (2) (f) 1. L. of the statutes is created to read:

66.46 (2) (f) 1. L. Costs for the removal, or containment, of lead contamination in buildings or infrastructure if the city declares that such lead contamination is a public health concern.

SECTION 1630ed. 66.46 (4) (h) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

66.46 (4) (h) 1. Subject to subds. 2. and 3. and 4., the planning commission may at any time, by resolution, adopt an amendment to a project plan, which amendment shall be subject to approval by the local legislative body and approval of the amendment shall require the same findings as provided in par. (g). Any amendment to a project plan is also subject to review by a joint review board, acting under sub. (4m). Adoption of an amendment to a project plan shall be preceded by a public hearing held by the plan commission at which interested parties shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity to express their views on the amendment. Notice of the hearing shall be published as a class 2 notice, under ch. 985. The notice shall include a statement of the purpose and cost of the amendment and shall advise that a copy of the amendment will be provided on request. Prior to such publication, a copy of the notice shall be sent by 1st class mail to the chief executive officer or administrator of all local governmental entities having the power to levy taxes on property within the district and to the school board of any school district which includes property located within the proposed district. For any county with no chief executive officer or administrator, this notice shall be sent to the county board chairperson.

**SECTION 1630ef.** 66.46 (4) (h) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

66.46 (4) (h) 2. Except as provided in subd. subds. 3. and 4., not more than once during the 7 years after the tax incremental district is created, the planning commission may adopt an amendment to a project plan under subd. 1. to modify the district's boundaries by adding territory to the district that is contiguous to the district and that is served by public works or improvements that were created as part of the district's project plan. Expenditures for project costs that are incurred because of an amendment to a project plan to which this subdivision applies may be made for not more than 3 years after the date on which the local legislative body adopts a resolution amending the project plan.

SECTION 1630eh. 66.46 (4) (h) 4. of the statutes is created to read:

66.46 (4) (h) 4. With regard to a village that has a population of less than 10,000, was incorporated in 1914 and is located in a county that has a population of less than 25,000 and that contains a portion of the Yellow River and the Chequamegan Waters Flowage, not more than once during the 11 years after the tax incremental district is created, the planning commission may adopt an amendment to a project plan under subd. 1. to modify the district's boundaries by adding territory to the district that is contiguous to the district and that is to be served by public works or improvements that were created as part of the district's project plan. Expenditures for project costs that are incurred because of an amendment to a project plan to which this subdivision applies may be made for not more than 5 years after the date on which the local legislative body adopts a resolution amending the project plan.

SECTION 1630em. 66.46 (4m) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

66.46 (4m) (b) 2. No Except as provided in subd. 2m., no tax incremental district may be created and no project plan may be amended unless the board